Moog Etherwave Theremin £300

The instrument upon which Bob Moog founded his company in the '50s is still shifting units. After half a century, *Robbie Stamp* gets around to reviewing it

WHAT IS IT?

The original monosynth

CONTACT

Who: Arbiter **Tel:** +44 (0)20 8207 7880 **Web:** moogmusic.com

HIGHLIGHTS

1 Classic Theremin sound 2 Addictively playable 3 Quality build

PRICING

Self-assembly kit £250

SPECS

Output: TS ¼" jack (unbalanced, 2.4 kOhms)

Waveform and Brightness
Mounting: 16mm (3/8")
mic stand socket on base

Dimensions (with antenna): 712 x 524 x 140mm



he Theremin has been around since 1919, invented by one Lev Sergeivich Termen, or Leon Theremin outside

Russia. Post WWII, mass production of the instrument was championed by the young Robert Moog, who started to sell it in kit form in 1953. The distinct character of the instrument has since become synonymous with '50s sci-fi movies, graced many classic recordings and continues to be a captivating musical voice through the virtuoso skills of players such as Lydia Kavina and Pamelia Kurstin.

What's a Theremin?

For those unfamiliar with the Theremin, it is a single oscillator instrument which uses two (detachable) metal rod antennas to control pitch and amplitude. The left antenna (a horizontal hoop) reduces the amplitude as the left hand is moved closer to it, while the right antenna (a vertical pole) increases the pitch as the right hand is moved towards it. Timbre and responsiveness are controlled via four knobs mounted on the front.

The Volume knob sets the maximum output amplitude while the Pitch knob sets the lowest oscillator frequency. The Waveform knob controls the relative

strength of harmonics in a similar fashion to the rectangular width control found on many synths. The Brightness knob controls the harmonic distortion applied to the signal, ranging the timbre from soft to aggressively bright, though without sounding harsh.

The Etherwave Theremin carries the classic Moog look from the knobs to the ash wood boxing. The construction is of a high quality with a robust mic stand mounting socket on the base and sturdy nuts/screw-threads for the antennas. The DIN power socket at the rear is safely recessed into the wood panelling. The audio output is front-mounted which is fine, though I'd prefer it at the rear to keep the cable free from roaming feet. The output is via a ¼" TS jack and, with a 2.4 kOhm impedance, is suited best to high impedance instrument amplifier/DI inputs.

Hands-off approach

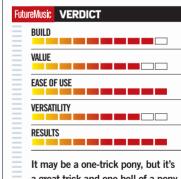
Having never played a Theremin before, it was quickly apparent how hard it is to play melodically, only enhancing respect for the real virtuoso players. Despite this, the Etherwave possesses the classic Theremin sound and is instantly absorbing and playable. With practice, pitch coherency is possible quite quickly, and to this end a tutorial DVD is

supplied in the box. The range of tones and expressions available is totally captivating with vibratos and tremolos possible through the tiniest hand movements. The Waveform and Brightness controls really unlock the timbre of the instrument and like many purely electronic instruments, the Theremin can take a huge amount of processing. The purity of the single oscillator (well, two oscillators in a subtractive configuration) prevents it from breaking up under the sonic stress of external effects and just routing it through a tape echo takes you straight into the 1950s Sci-Fi realm, à la Forbidden Planet.

Tai-Chi cello

In the world of Theremins, the Moog Etherwave is a classic and a standard. There are plenty of other versions available, many in kit form, and often at a lower price, but the build, look and sound of the Etherwave makes it No.1.

The self-assembly version is £50 cheaper and is very easy to construct. Considering the niche, the price is fair. It may only do the one sound, but even if you don't record or perform with it regularly, it is an absorbing and strangely hypnotic pleasure, like a cross between Tai-Chi and cello playing. I've used plug-in versions and programmed synths to behave like a Theremin, but none have come close to this. FM



lowest oscillator frequency. The mknob controls the relative pitch coherency is possible quite quickly, and to this end a tutorial DVD is a great trick and one hell of a pony quickly, and to this end a tutorial DVD is

